



Solving Equations

- 1) Solve $2x - 3 = 17$
- 2) Solve $3x + 2 = 14$
- 3) Solve $5x - 7 = 33$
- 4) Solve $4x + 7 = 19$
- 5) Solve $x + x + x + x = 20$
- 6) Solve $x + 3x = 24$
- 7) Solve $2(x + 3) = 8$
- 8) Solve $2(3x - 4) = 22$
- 9) Solve $5(t - 1) = 20$
- 10) Solve $3(2x + 5) = 36$
- 11) Solve $2x + 7 = x + 11$
- 12) Solve $5y - 2 = 3y + 10$
- 13) Solve $2x + 1 = 5x - 20$
- 14) Solve $p - 3 = 3p - 11$
- 15) Solve $2d + 5 = 20 - 3d$
- 16) Solve $4 - e = 2e - 8$
- 17) Solve $2(x + 3) = x + 9$
- 18) Solve $x - 7 = 3(2x - 4)$
- 19) Solve $5(x + 3) = 2(x + 6)$
- 20) Solve $4(2y + 1) = 2(12 - y)$
- 21) Solve $7 - 3x = 2(x + 1)$
- 22) Solve $\frac{x}{2} = 5$
- 23) Solve $\frac{x}{5} = 6$
- 24) Solve $\frac{2x}{3} = 4$
- 25) Solve $\frac{5x}{2} = 15$
- 26) Solve $\frac{x - 2}{3} = 1$
- 27) Solve $\frac{x + 5}{2} = 7$
- 28) Solve $\frac{2x + 1}{4} = 2$
- 29) Solve $\frac{5x - 3}{3} = 4$
- 30) Solve $\frac{x + 2}{3} = x + 4$
- 31)  Solve $\frac{3x - 1}{4} = 2x - 3$
- 32)  Solve $\frac{4x + 3}{5} = \frac{2x - 1}{2}$